





Weekly Epidemiological Bulletin

Integrated Disease Surveillance and response system

Islamabad week 10-2024 (04 Mar -10 Mar, 2024)

Highlight

Table 1: District most frequently suspected cases reported during Epidemiological week-10

Disease	AD	ILI	B. Diarrh ea	Mumps	Chick enpox	Typho id	Malaria	Tub ercu losis	ALRI < 5 years
CHC Shah Allah Ditta	6	24	Ca			1		10313	
CHC Kirpa	6	100							
CHC Rawat	10	72							
RHC Bhara kahu	54	377						3	
RHC Tarlai	25	148	1					9	
RHC Sihala	12	2	4	1			1		5
BHU Gagri	7	22							
BHU Bhukkhar	18	80							
BHU Bhimber Trar	3	27							
BHU Jagiot	11	13							
BHU Jhang Syedan	19	63	1						
BHU Chirrah	16	139							
BHU Tumair	6	10							
BHU Pind Begwal	8	12							
BHU Phulgran	4	30							
BHU Shahdara	2	29							
BHU Sohan	22	100							
Humak Dispensary	9	58							1
BHU Golra Sharif	30	34							
BHU Gokina	3	23							
CHC G-13	0	4							







Table 2: Showing week 08-2024 to 10-2024 IDSR -SITUATION REPORT

S No.		Week 08	Week 09	Week 09
1	Number of sites Reported	21	21	21
2	Influenza like Illness	1290	1343	1367
3	AD (non-Cholera)	246	271	271
4	Bloody Diarrhea	4	2	6
5	Chickenpox/Varicella	2	0	0
6	Malaria	0	3	1
7	ALRI < 5 years	7	3	4
8	Mumps	0	0	1
9	Typhoid	0	0	1
10	Dengue	0	0	0







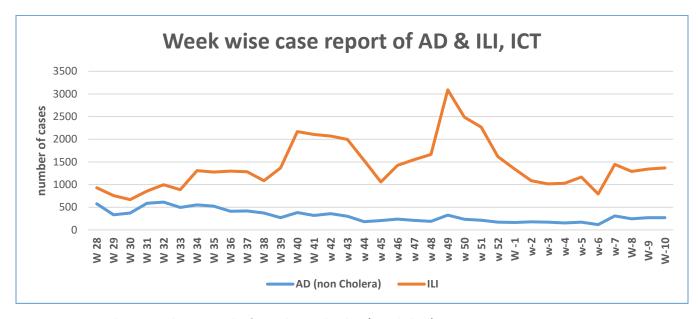


Figure 1: In week 10-2024, disease trends of ILI and acute diarrhea (non-cholera).

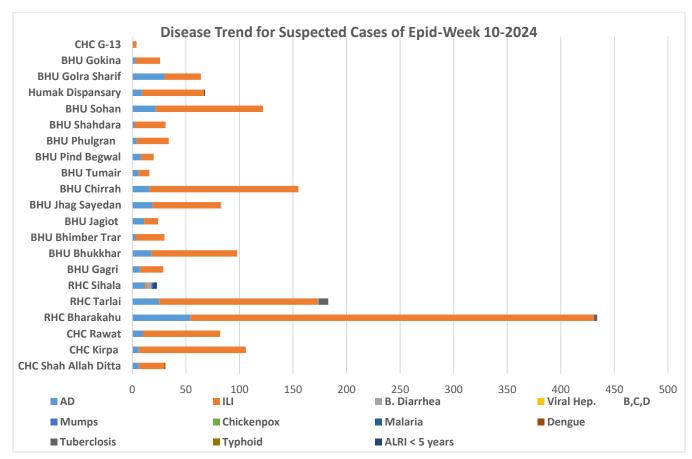


Figure 2: In week 10-2024, ILI has the upper trend with 1367 case followed by acute diarrhea (non-cholera) 271 cases.







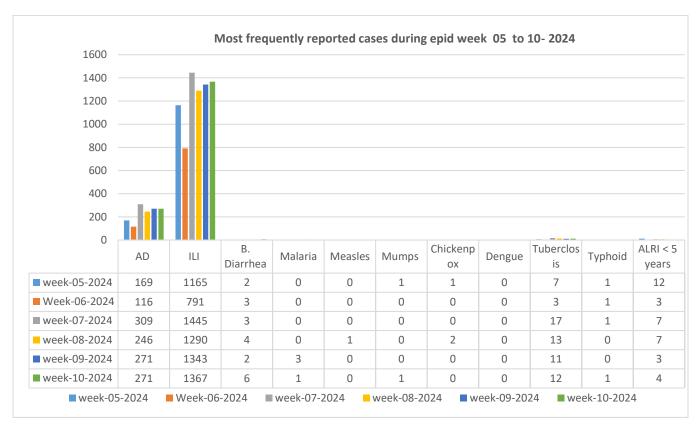


Figure 3: There is increase in number of AD (non-Cholera) & in ILI cases week 10-2024.

COVID highlight

Sampling Reports 04 th to 10 ^{th.} Mar. 2024							
Total Positive	Total Negative	Total Pending	Total Sample Taken				
0	22	0	22				

Table 3: Showing 0 % positivity rate during epidemiological week 10-2024.

COVID-19 Vaccination Data							
First Dose	Second Dose	First Booster	Second Booster	Third Booster	Total		
18	12	25	2	9	67		

Table 4: Showing a total of doses given during epidemiological week 10-2024







Expanded Program on Immunization activities of Health Department ICT

EPI in Pakistan is coordinated at Federal Directorate of Immunization under the Ministry of National Health Services and Regulation Coordination (NHSR&C). The EPI program shall be including vaccines for prevention of vaccine preventable diseases among the adolescents and older age groups as the evidence of vaccines' effectiveness is acquired and advised by the NITAG. The immunization schedule shall thus be periodically updated as and when required depending upon the local disease burden and requirements. The health department with an objective to improve the health of all works on prevention of the diseases EPI is one of the major components. The EPI at district level is managed and supported by staff at district level and the EPI services are provided at Union council level through Fixed Centers, Outreach Vaccination sites and mobile if applicable.

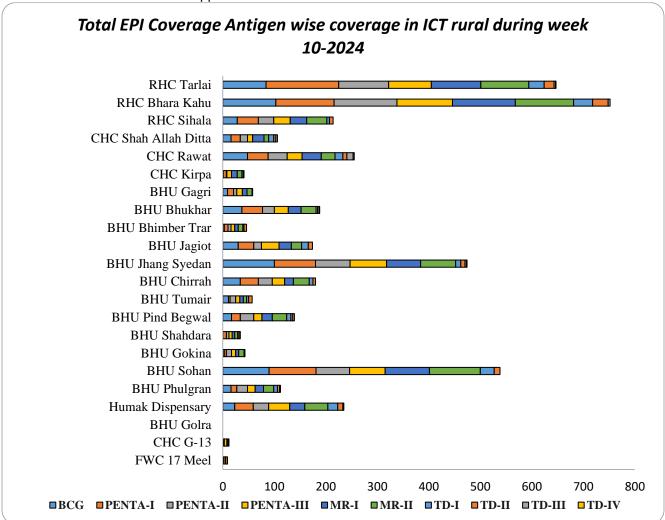


Figure 4: In week 10-2024, total coverage vaccine wise. BCG 655, Penta I 736, Penta II 616, Penta III 616, MR I 639, MR II 673, TD-I 203, TD-II 137, TD-III 32 and TD-IV 7.







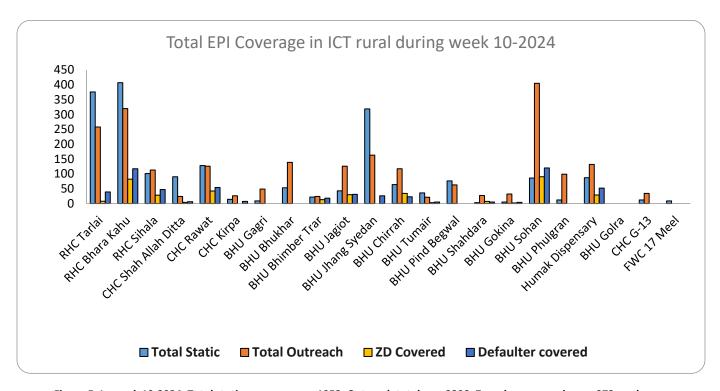


Figure 5: In week 10-2024, Total static coverage was 1952, Outreach total was 2298, Zero dose covered were 372, and defaulter covered were 554.

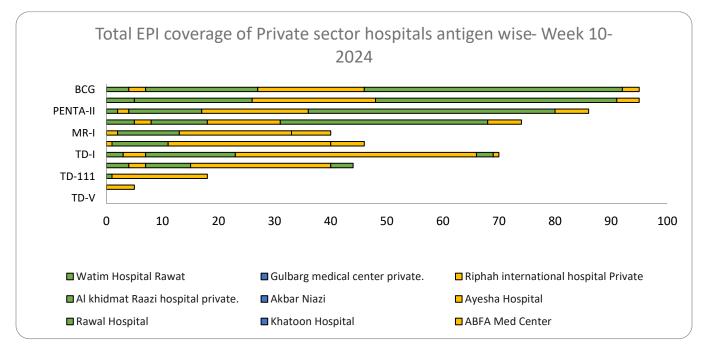


Figure 6: There is vaccine coverage of Public private partnership with private hospitals. In week 10-2024 a total of 707 doses of different antigen were given by hospitals in private sector.







Rainy Day Polio Campaign: A Commitment to Eradication

Despite the rainy weather on Day 5 of the polio campaign, dedicated polio teams are tirelessly working to administer vaccines to children, ensuring that they are protected against the poliovirus. Their commitment exemplifies the collective determination to eradicate polio.









Dengue Prevention Outreach in Islamabad Hotspots

Dengue Field Teams, as part of our proactive efforts, conducted extensive visits to identified hotspots in Islamabad. During these visits, our teams diligently engaged with the community, providing valuable education and guidance on Dengue prevention measures.









Empowering Health: LHWs Educate Communities in Islamabad

